

**QUESTION 4**

You are the Health Physicist on the staff of a custom isotope production facility. A customer has inquired about the production of Na-24 sources. You are required to calculate information regarding the production, build-up, decay, and shielding of the proposed product.

**GIVEN**

$^{24}\text{Na}$  Data:

$$T_{1/2} = 14.96 \text{ hours}$$

$$E(\gamma_1) = 1.4 \text{ MeV}; Y(\gamma_1) = 1.0$$

$$E(\gamma_2) = 2.8 \text{ MeV}; Y(\gamma_2) = 1.0$$

Thermal neutron capture cross section,  $\sigma_c$ , for  $^{23}\text{Na} (n,\gamma) ^{24}\text{Na} = 0.534$  barns

Fraction of Target, by weight, which is  $^{23}\text{Na} = 0.20$

Air mass energy absorption coefficient =  $0.03 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$

Lead mass attenuation coefficient =  $4.6 \times 10^{-2} \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$

Density of lead =  $11.3 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Assume there is no initial  $^{24}\text{Na}$  activity at the start of any irradiation

**POINTS**

- 15**    A    What is the thermal neutron flux, in neutrons per  $\text{cm}^2$  per second, required to produce  $3.7 \times 10^{10}$  Bq of  $^{24}\text{Na}$  at saturation in a 5 gram target? **Show all work.**
- 15**    B    What is the estimated unshielded absorbed dose rate in rad/hr on the surface of a shipping drum of 30 cm radius containing the target ( $3.7 \times 10^{10}$  Bq of  $^{24}\text{Na}$ ) in the center of the drum? Assume a point source. Neglect air attenuation. **Show all work.**
- 20**    C    Assume 35 rem/hr on contact with the surface of the unshielded shipping container. Will the addition of 10 cm of lead shielding allow shipment of this container with a Radioactive II transport shipping label? **Show all work.**